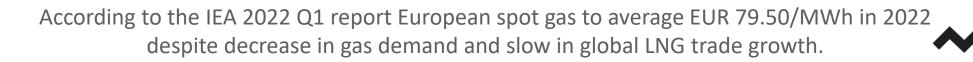






Russia-Ukraine tension counterbalanced bearish weather fundamentals & LNG influx. Germany halts NS2 certification process as Ukraine crisis deepens. EU gas supply would be safe in case of disruptions according to the EU Commission.

Mild, windy February weather eased storage withdrawals. European storage sites dipped to 27% full by mid-February, holding 26.7bcm of gas in store. After a record month in January, LNG imports to Europe persisted high in February, too.

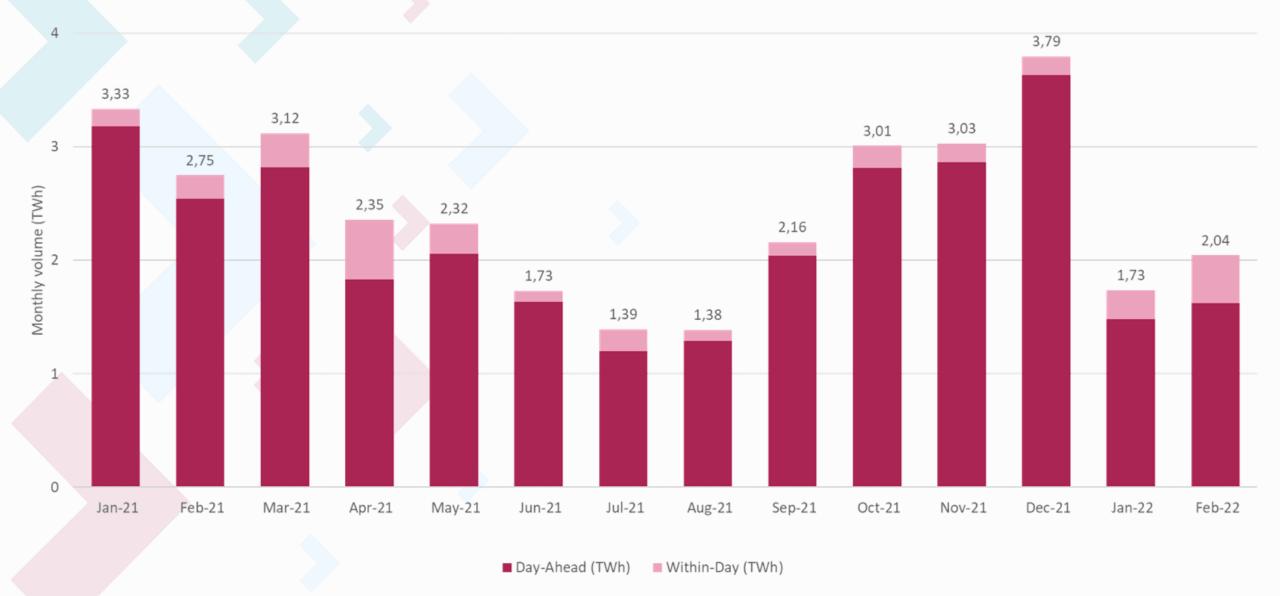


Russian flows to Hungary might increase by an additional 1 bcm/year following talks between Putin and Orban, Azeri gas may also appear in Hungary from 2024. Gazprom did not book additional capacity for Q2, Q3 via Ukraine and Poland.

> FGSZ and its Ukrainian counterpart GTSOU have extended the pilot period for firm gas capacity towards Ukraine until the end of the 21/22 GY. Gas imports from Hungary to Ukraine have increased in February (~5.5mcm/d HU>UA).

Source: CEEGEX

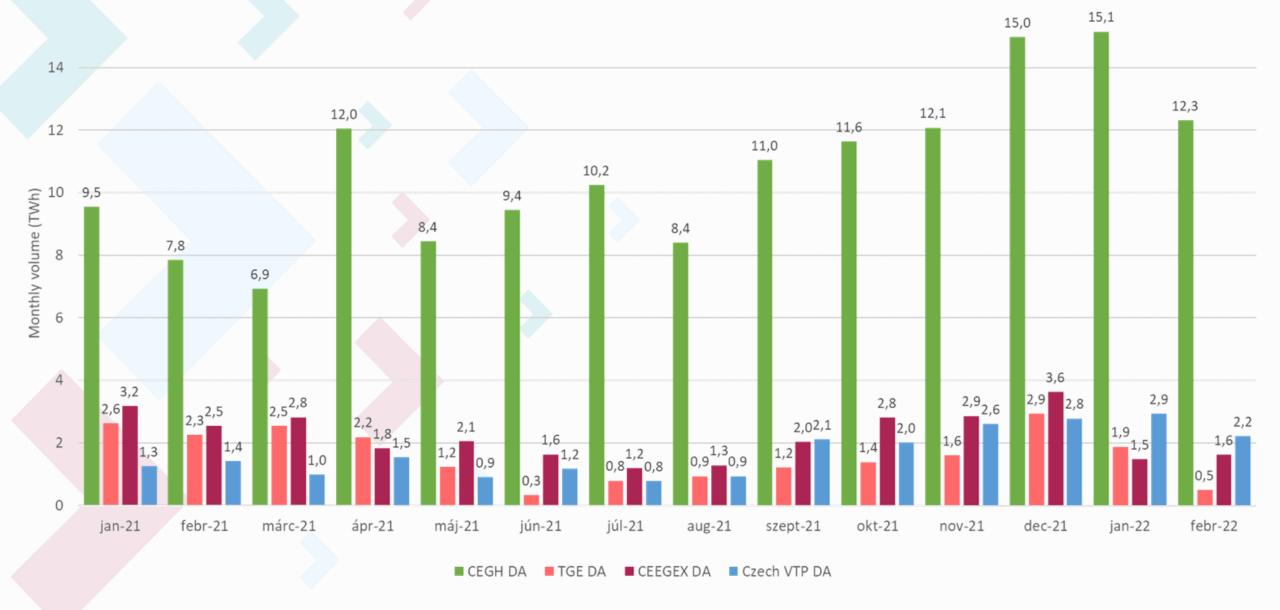
## **CEEGEX monthly traded volumes**





Source: CEEGEX, EEX, TGE

## **Regional Day-Ahead traded volumes**



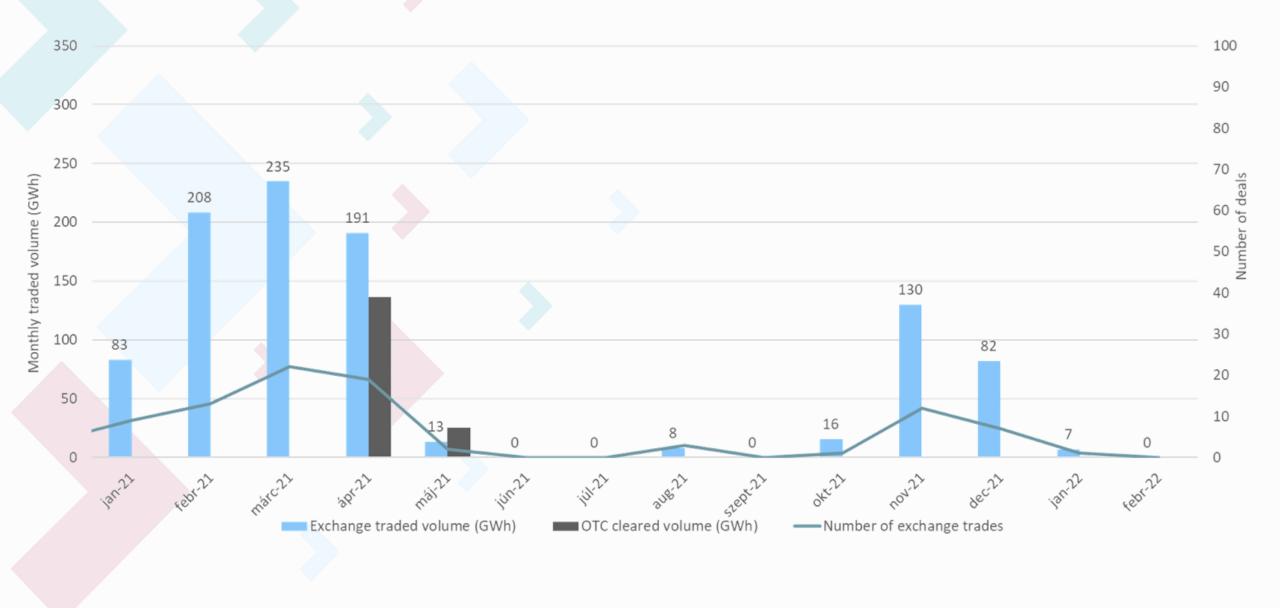


# **Regional Within-day traded volumes**



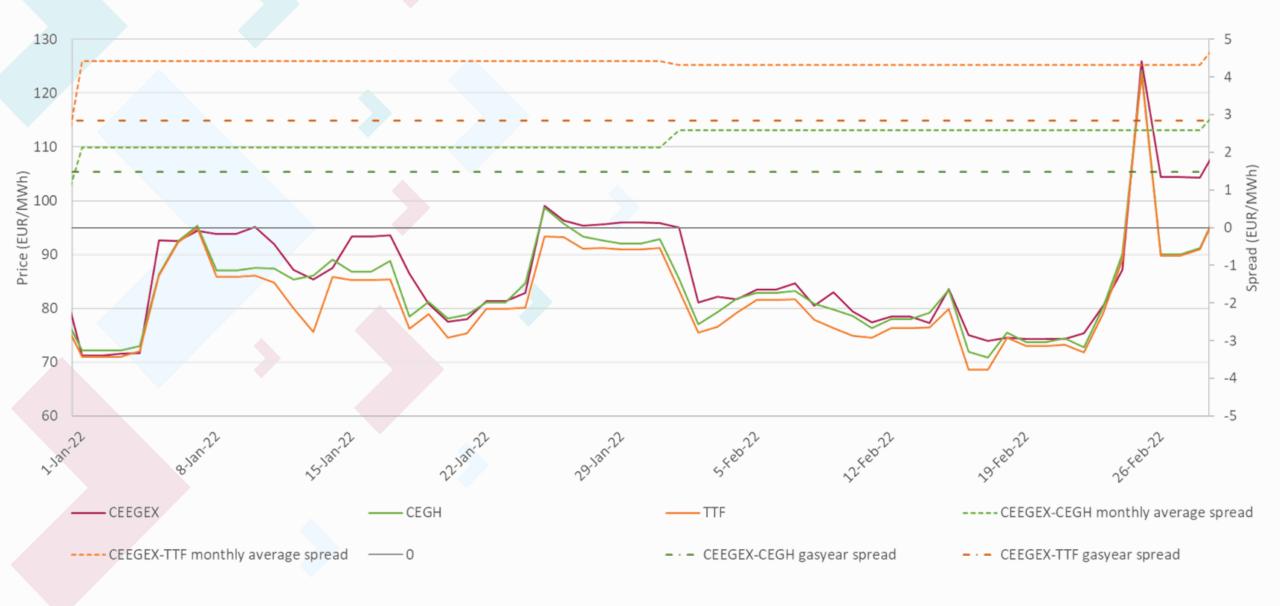


# **HUDEX** Gas monthly traded volumes





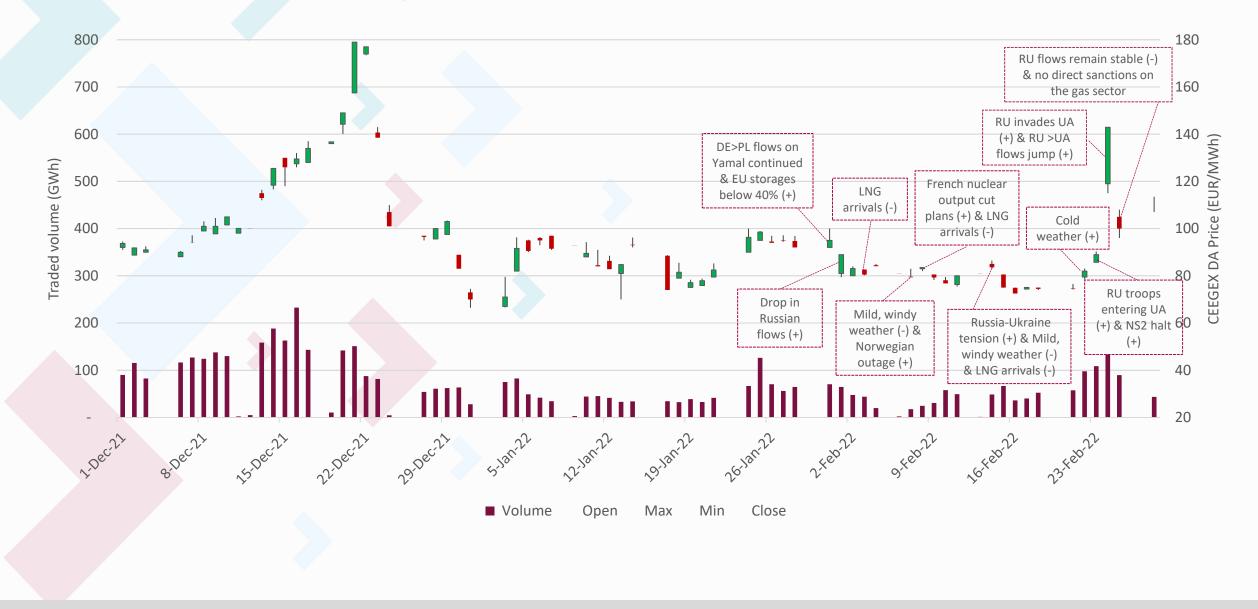
## Spot prices and spreads



Source: EEX, CEEGEX

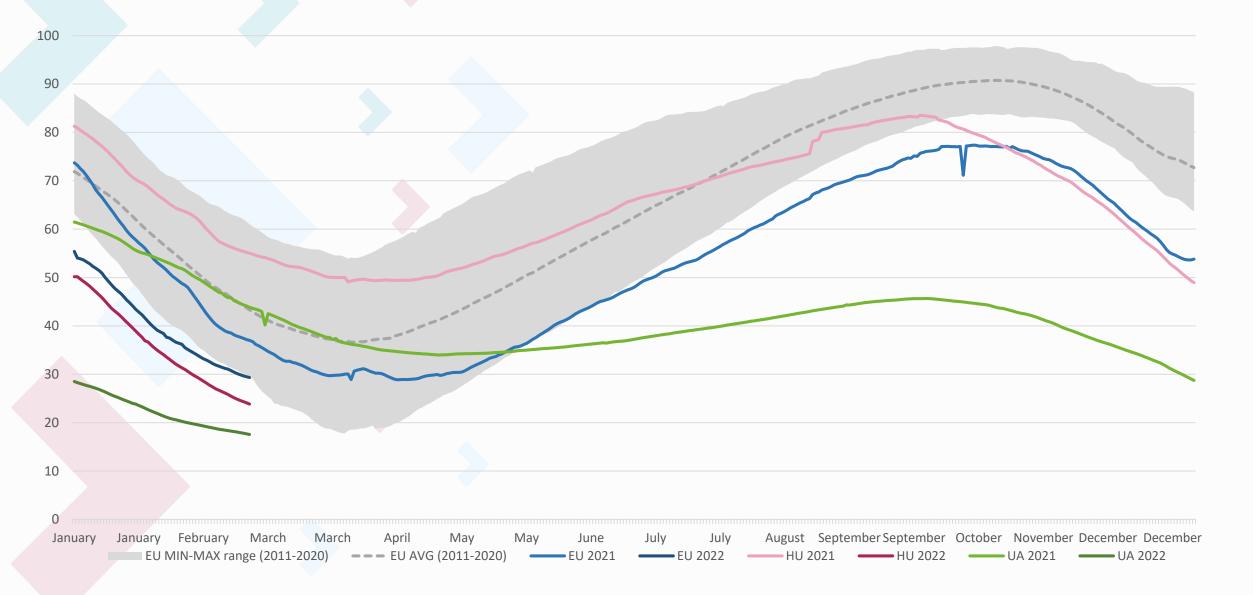
#### Japanese candles

Source: CEEGEX, ICIS





## Gas storage level in EU, UA and HU





# **Gasflows from Russia**

